

Welcome to Seng Kang Primary **Parent Briefing Primary 2** 21 January 2025

Our School Leaders











AGENDA

School Focus

4. Student Transition

Block Focus

- 5. Academic Matters
- 3. Upcoming Events 6. Supporting Your Child

School Focus 2025 Curiosity 3.0

Strengthening SKLites to be the agents of voice and choice



Spiral Thematic Approach

Mindful Discoverer (Lower Block)

Mindful Learner (Middle Block)

Mindful Builder (Upper Block)



Lower Block Focus Mindful Discoverer

- Develop a positive attitude towards life and learning
- Teach students to focus on their strengths and passions
- Teach students to find fulfilment as they discover their identity
- Praise them for their efforts
- Acknowledge the process they have been through







Highlights of the level programmes

Applied Learning Programme (ALP): Storytelling

Programme for Active Learning (PAL)

Mother Tongue Language Speech & Drama

P2 Sports
Education
Programme (SEP)



Week Of Wonder (WoW)







Learning Journey







Highlights of the level programmes

Recess Play and Activities

ICT Baseline

Positive Living Carnival

Exciting Integrated
Thematic Experience
(ExcITE)









Mother Tongue Fortnight



Celebration of Learning (CoL)







Student Transition from P1 to P2



P1 to P2 Transition

- Coping skills
 - Understanding and managing emotions
 - Seeking help
- Responsible Decision Making



 Every child goes through many types of transition throughout their growing up years and need time to adjust

Parents can...

- Talk to and listen to your child
- Share own experience of various stages of transition
- Share coping strategies
- Monitor your child's behaviour mental and emotional state



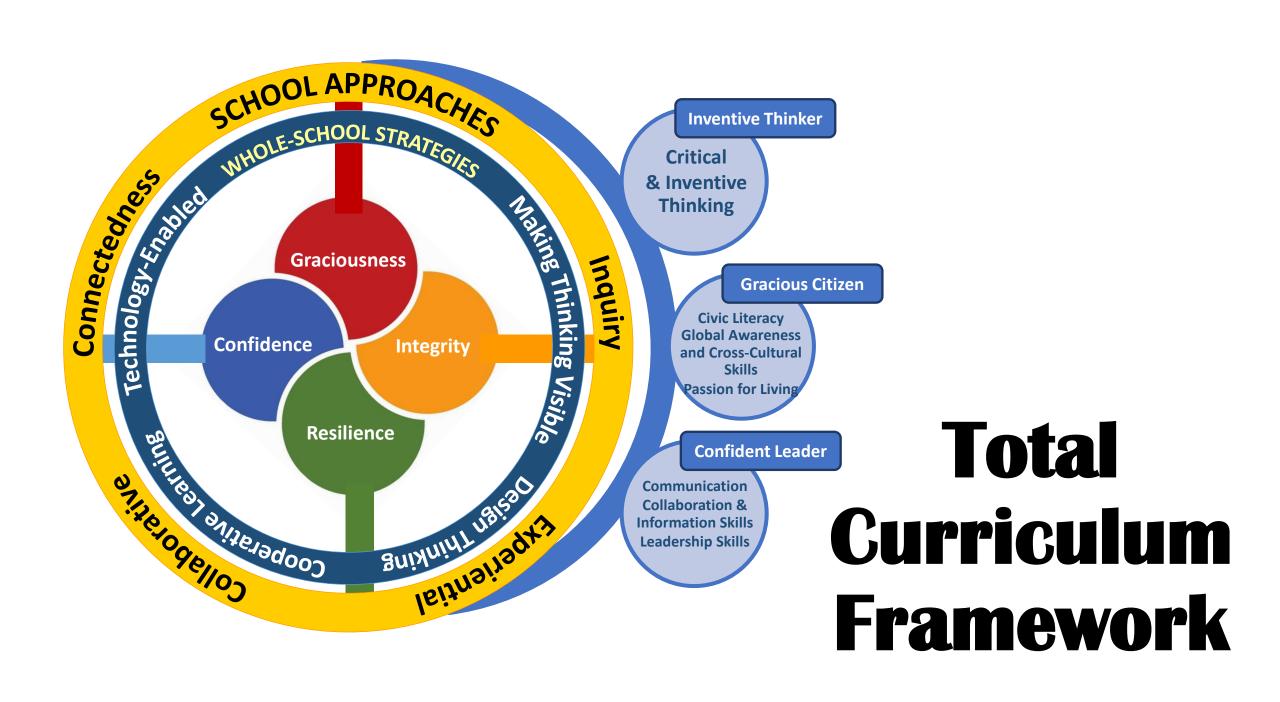
Essential Skills - Learn more efficiently

- Target-setting, e.g. Spelling: 5/10 -> 8/10 -> 10/10
 - Small successes
- Time management
 - Drafting and adhering to a study timetable
 - Rest breaks
- Self-discipline
 - Putting away the mobile devices when revising
 - Good sleeping habits



Academic Matters





Key Strategies - English Language

Curiosity & Open-Mindedness

- Critical Reading and Making Thinking Visible
- Reading for Joy and Exposure
- ARE Strategy for Pick and Tell

Responsibility

Annotation for Comprehension, Vocabulary, and Grammar

Enthusiasm

- Reading for Joy and Exposure
- STELLAR Strategies





Key Strategies Mathematics

Curiosity & Open-Mindedness

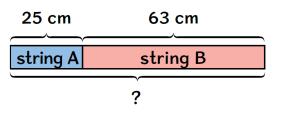
Use of Manipulatives

Responsibility

- RAMNA
- Math should be practised every day for mastery

Enthusiasm

- Make Thinking Visible:
 - Base-ten Cards
 - Model Drawing
 - Questioning
 - Reflections



Steps to Solving Word Problems

R ead - Did I read the question at least twice?

A nnotate – Did I underline/circle all key words and numbers?

M odel – Is it a part-whole or comparison model?

Did I use the model cards?

N umber Sentence – Did I check to ensure that I

have used the correct operation?

nswer Blank – Did I answer in the correct unit?





356 - 20 =



Key Strategies - Mother Tongue Language



Enthusiasm: Encouraging a passion for reading and writing in Mother Tongue languages (MTL) and developing linguistic skills through interactive storytelling



Open-mindedness:

Celebrating crosscultural diversity through festive activities, language performances, and MTL activities



Responsibility:
Enhancing language
proficiency and
expression

Learning Goals for Mother Tongue Languages (MTL)

- 1. Nurture active learners and proficient users of the Mother Tongue language.
- 2. Develop foundational language and literacy skills, focusing on holistic language development from oral to written proficiency.
- 3. Cultivate an appreciation for local ethnic culture.



Curiosity: Tapping into students' interests, needs, and abilities



Support for learning

- Differentiated teaching
 - Pull-out groups (LSM, LSP)
 - Extension of Learning





How do we know if the students are learning?









Holistic Assessment

- Focus on building greater confidence and nurturing a stronger intrinsic motivation to learn to develop your child's potential
- No semestral examinations and weighted assessments at P2
- Use of appropriate assessment modes to provide useful information to support students' learning and development of the whole child



Reporting of P2 Students' Learning Progress in HDP

Holistic Development Profile

Qualitative descriptors are used to report students' learning in all subjects

Qualitative Descriptors

Competent

Developing

Beginning

For illustrative purposes only.

SUBJECT	SEMESTER 2
nglish Language	
Speaking: Speak clearly to express their thoughts, feelings and ideas.	Competent
Reading: Read aloud Primary 1 texts (e.g. STELLAR texts) with accuracy, fluency and expression.	Competent
Reading: Understand Primary 1 texts (e.g. STELLAR texts) and are able to identify simple aspects of fiction (e.g. main characters and setting).	Competent
Writing: Write a simple paragraph of at least 3 sentences to recount appropriately sequenced events.	Developing
Learning Outcomes for the subject	Qualitative Descripto

> 3 levels of qualitative descriptors



General Descriptions of Attainment Levels For P2 Learning Outcomes

Beginning	Developing	Competent	
Shows misconceptions or	Shows basic understanding	Shows a complete and	
faces challenges in	of the concept	accurate understanding of	
understanding of the concept		the concept	
Able to demonstrate	Able to demonstrate	Able to demonstrate	
understanding of the concept	understanding of the concept	understanding of the concept	
with much guidance	with some guidance	independently	
Able to apply the concept at	Able to apply the concept	Able to apply the concept	
least once	frequently	consistently	



School-based Assessments at Primary 2

Written assessments

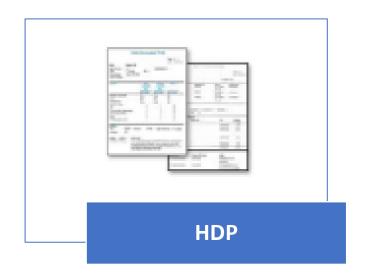
- ➤ **EL/MT:** Listening Exercises, Spelling, Reading Comprehension, Write a simple paragraph / sentences to recount a sequenced event
- > MA: 2 to 3 topics at a time (fill in the blanks and story sums)

Activity-based assessments (e.g., group activities, performance-based tasks)

- **► EL/MT: Show and Tell, Reading**
- ➤ MA: Using manipulatives to demonstrate understanding of Mathematical concepts

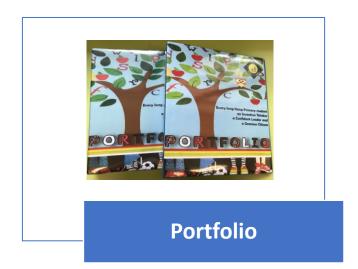


Knowing your child's holistic progress ...











We want our students to know that...

Academic performance outcomes are not the only indicators of success.

Students should learn to acquire deep knowledge, have the right learning dispositions, a growth mindset, and most importantly enjoy the learning process.



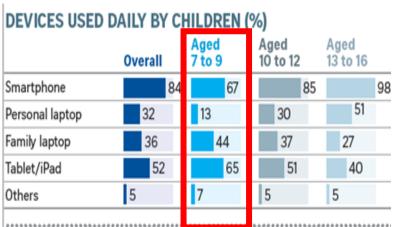
Cyber welness





Did you know?

67% of children aged seven to nine in Singapore use smartphones every day, and are active on social media



Source: The Straits Times, 7 Feb 2021

Age when they started using social media

Current age/ Starting age	Overall	Age 7 to 9 years old	Age 10 to 12 years old	Age 13 to 16 years old
3 years old or below	9%	17%	6%	4%
4-6 years old	25%	42%	24%	11%
7-9 years old	39%	41%	46%	31%
10-12 years old	22%	NA	24%	40%
13-16 years old	5%	NA	NA	14%



Parents may not be aware of the online risks

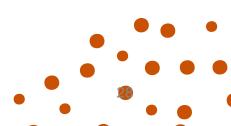
Parents might not be aware, but...

children has chatted with strangers online

children has been exposed to pornographic children has overshared their personal information

Source: MLC-TOUCH Parent Child Poll

Findings, 22 Aug 2023







- Cyber Wellness is about our students being able to navigate the cyber space safely.
- This is done through our curriculum which aims to
 - equip students with the knowledge and skills to harness the power of Information and Communication Technology (ICT) for positive purposes;
 - maintain a positive presence in cyberspace; and
 - be safe and responsible users of ICT.



What will Pri 1 and 2 students learn about Cyber Wellness during CCE (FTGP) lessons?

During CCE(FTGP)* lessons, students will be taught:

- Basic online safety rules
 - Talking to only people you know
- Importance of a balanced lifestyle in exercise, sleep and screen time for health and well-being
- Protecting personal information
 - Understand the risks of disclosing personal information



E.g. Lower Primary Lesson on Staying Safe in the Cyberworld

^{*}Character and Citizenship Education(Form Teacher Guidance Period)

What will Pri 1 and 2 students learn about Cyber Wellness during CCE (FTGP) lessons?

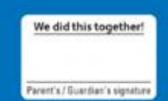
Cyber Contacts

- Understand that the profiles of strangers that we see online may not be their real identities
- Recognise the dangers of chatting with strangers online
- Parents are strongly encouraged to participate in the "Family Time" activities in the CCE (FTGP) Journal with your children to reinforce the key cyber wellness messages at home



I can...

- share with my family members how I can be safe in the cyberworld.
- remind my family members to follow the safety rules together.



E.g. Family Time in the lesson on Staying Safe in the Cyberworld

Other Cyber Wellness programmes

- Super Cyber Monday
 - → 2 SLS Cyber Wellness lessons per term for all levels
- Cyber Wellness & Media Literacy Carnival







How can parents help your child

develop good digital habits?

- As parents/guardians, you play a significant role in helping your child establish healthy digital habits, and learn to use technology in a positive and meaningful way.
- Here are some ways:
 - Role model good digital habits for your child/ward (e.g. parents/guardians not using devices during mealtimes).
 - Have regular conversations with your child to better understand what they do online, how to stay safe and how to use technology in a responsible manner.
 - **Discuss and develop a timetable with your child to** moderate their time spent on screens.
- For more content to support your parenting in the digital age and more, please scan the QR code at the top right-hand corner to access the Parenting for Wellness Toolbox for Parents.



Navigating the Digital Age

Helping Your Child

Manage Device Use & Stay Safe Online







- A family screen use plan consists of screen use rules, their consequences and screen-free activities that the family can engage in.
- As a family, create your screen use rules by discussing and agreeing on expectations of screen use and the consequences of breaking these rules clearly.

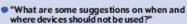
Your screen use rules can include:



times and



limit for



- "What should we do if we break our
- Decide as a family what screen-free activities you want to engage in, like going outdoors, playing sports or playing board games together.
- "What screen-free activities do you think we can do together?"
- Engaging your child in the process of creating screen use rules and inviting them to suggest activities to do together helps increase their ownership of the whole family screen use plan.
 - "What do you think of our screen us erules?"



- Be consistent in role modelling positive screen use behaviours and habits.
- Engage your child in open conversations about their online activities, how to navigate the online space and its associated challenges. For example:
- State observation: "I noticed you have been spending a lot of time on your device."
- Ask open-ended questions: "What do you usually do on your device?"











How can parents better support your child's digital habits?

Achieving balanced screen time

- **Screen time** refers to the amount of time spent using devices each day. Having some screen time can be beneficial, such as when your child uses devices to learn and connect with others.
- However, it is important to be aware that spending an excessive amount of time using devices is unhealthy, as it is associated with insufficient good quality sleep, sedentary behaviours, increased obesity, and poorer mental health and well-being.
- Discuss and develop a timetable with your child to moderate their time spent on screens.
- Children aged 7 12 should have consistent screen time limits.

Using parental controls to manage device use and stay safe online

- Parental controls refer to a group of settings that put you in control of what your child can see and do on a device or online.
- Such controls can allow you to supervise and monitor your child's online activities and protect them from inappropriate content, online sexual grooming, cyberbullying and other online risks.
- Parental control settings can be used to monitor and limit screen time as agreed with the child.

Scan QR code to download the Ministry of Health's Guidance on Screen Use in Children for more information.



Additional Resources: Parenting for Wellness



For more bite-sized resources (practical tips and strategies) on building strong parent-child relationships, supporting your child's mental well-being and parenting in the digital age, scan the QR code above to download a copy of the **Parenting for Wellness Toolbox for Parents**.

Keep a lookout for the **Parenting for Wellness website** that will be rolled out in 2025 on Parent Hub (hosted by HPB) for personalised access to the full suite of parenting resources!

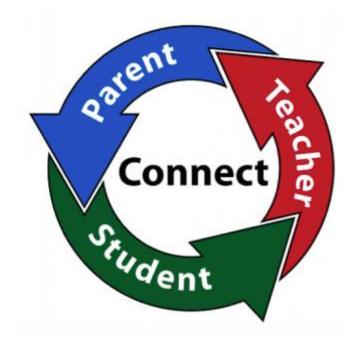


How can parents better communicate with your child on digital habits and matters?

Providing a safe space for conversations	 It can be challenging to grapple with uncomfortable feelings and negative thoughts. Children may hesitate to share their true thoughts and feelings with their parents, as they may fear being judged or misunderstood. You can let your child know that it is normal to feel or think the way they do, and that they can feel safe expressing themselves with you.
Role modelling respectful conversations	 When your child learns to engage in respectful conversations, they become a better communicator and friend. Parents are in the best position to role model these skills through daily interactions with your child. Listen to understand, instead of listening in order to give advice and offer solutions.
Have regular and open conversations	 Have regular conversations to better understand what your child does online. Is it school work or are they engaging in recreational activities? For example: State observation: "I noticed you have been spending a lot of time on your device." Ask open-ended questions: "What do you usually do on your device?" Communicate your actions and rationale. Let your child know you care for them and want them to be safe online.

schools and particular thand in hand to support them. Here are some tips to make this happen... and support your child Have regular conversations with teachers in both academic and child develop non-academic areas good habits this will help you better guide your child's Create a conducive development. home environment for your child to Check the teachers' enjoy reading and to finish his/her preferred mode of homework by communication himself/herself. they are not required to share their mobile numbers. Encourage your child to live a Understand that healthy, balanced life with time for teachers may not be able to respond to your sleep and play. queries immediately. Help your Help your child child manage relate to others himself/herself Work with the teachers Guide your child in to help your child respect managing his/her differences and resolve disagreements amicably. Encourage your Let the school verify the child to help out with facts in any incident household chores. before taking action to ensure a fair, objective outcome for all parties.

Partnership with Parents



Let's continue to **work together** (school-home partnerships) to bring out the best in each student.

https://sengkangpri.moe.edu.sg/quick-links/parents

Our children succeed when parents and schools work hand in hand.



